

Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T. FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1902 SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2896.

HONOLULU OBSERVES CORONATION DAY OF KING EDWARD AND QUEEN ALEXANDRA WITH RELIGIOUS AND SOCIAL EVENTS



CROWNED KING AND QUEEN

Britons Hold a Celebration at Cathedral.

The stately and impressive service which was used yesterday in Westminster Abbey when King Edward VII and Queen Alexandra were crowned as the sovereigns of Great Britain and all dependencies, formed part of the coronation celebration service rendered yesterday morning in the Cathedral of St. Andrew in Honolulu. The columnar stateliness of the interior of the sacred edifice resounded with the strains of the British national anthem and songs of praise of the Church of England, and the prayers were uplifting and full of inspiration befitting the great occasion. The nave was filled with the representatives of the United Kingdom, the United States and nations of Continental Europe, and of Asia. In the chancel were all the canons of the Episcopal church in Hawaii and visiting clergy, and there were forty choristers of both sexes, clothed in surplices of white. From the lectern hung the British flag in artistic folds, while over the pulpit reading desk a large British ensign was draped, intermingling with the folds of the Stars and Stripes, which were also used to show the bond of friendship between the mother country and America. Upon the altar were vases filled with long-stemmed white lilies.

In the nave were officials of the United States Government, Federal and Territorial, army and navy, together with the consular corps and a number of ladies, all occupying a reserved section. On either side British subjects filled the available space, even the corridors behind the choir being occupied. It was an occasion which brought out all the British national feeling of pride and was expressed in the fervency with which the prayers for King Edward and his Queen were repeated, and in the swelling notes of the anthems so dear to the British heart.

Among those who occupied the reserved section were Governor Sanford B. Dole of Hawaii, Mrs. Dole, His Britannic Majesty's Consul W. R. Hoare, Miss Hoare, British Vice Consul F. M. Swanzy, Mrs. Swanzy, French

LONG LIVE THE KING.

Britons and Americans, men and women in whom flows the Anglo-Saxon blood, vied with each other yesterday in celebrating the coronation of King Edward VII and Queen Alexandra. It was a day filled from its early morning until its close amid music and laughter with merrymaking, and glad hearted Honolulans speeded the day, dancing away the hours which were marked on the other side of the globe with coffee and toast.

From Cathedral service, reception and sports to ball and supper, the enthusiastic Britons went, each time with added interest, until when the day was spent there was left only pleasing memories of its events. Kneeling, sending aloft fervent petitions for long life and happiness as the portion of the monarch of millions of their fellows, tripping away the hours which brought to close the period of pleasures, it was a day of the Briton, and right well did his American cousin aid him in the observance of the epoch marking occasion.

As a fitting culmination to the day's celebration there was given a ball at the Moana Hotel, where the hours were danced away by the young people, amid a scene of beauty, the colors of England and America being blended in decorations. And when at length the day was over and its joys only memories, the glad laughter of the departing told of their joy and appreciation, their feeling for homeland and adopted country alike.



W. Robert Hoare, His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Honolulu.



Francis M. Swanzy, His Britannic Majesty's Vice Consul for Hawaii.

Britons at Ball Celebrate Events.

Under flags of all nations, surrounded by colors in which predominated the red ensign of Britain, the English speaking people of the city celebrated Coronation day with ceremony. English in inception, the culminating event of a day's merrymaking brought together in the pretty lanai dining room of the Moana Hotel, representatives of all nations, and the fast and complete enjoyment of the hours, when compatriots at the capital of the race were asleep, showed the sentiment which filled the breast of the dancer and looker on alike.

The grand ball was one of the most remarkable events of a day well filled with striking occurrences. The dining room of the hotel had been given over to the dancing and its transformation was complete. From each corner were stretched lines bearing flags of all nations, the various flags of Britain, the ensigns of war and peace, the flags of the separate nations making up the whole being blended until all individuality was lost and each became a part of a homogeneous whole, and all contributing to a mass of color which gave to the great room a picture value which was beyond comparison.

The lines bore the flags of England, Scotland and Ireland; and adding to their beauty were the signal flags of all nations, the whole being combined into one of the most beautiful effects possible.

When from aloft the seducing strains of a waltz from Strauss were heard there were in the room 300 people, all intent upon personal enjoyment. The crowd of people had been gathering from early evening and their appearance was the signal for the opening of the measures. The tables had been removed from the dining room and all covered with canvas, and the gliding away of the dancers seemed again to people a Hawaiian scene with the bright ones of old.

When the guests entered the room

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PLANS FOR TOURISTS

Rothwell's Views on Securing Trade.

TOURIST travel is now occupying the attention of a committee of the Merchants' Association, and the various plans for reaching the intending traveler, which are now being proposed, will be carefully weighed before the committee makes its report to the association at the next meeting. The plans are many, the one which is now most prominently before the merchants being a proposition to establish in San Francisco a bureau for the purpose of influencing tourists who may reach the Coast metropolis, and who may then be induced to make an extension of their journey to this city.

Chairman John G. Rothwell, of the association's committee, who has as his associates William Lishman and J. F. Hurnburg, is one of the most enthusiastic advocates of united action toward securing Hawaii's proper proportion of the tourist trade, and is outspoken in his views. He said yesterday:

"The subject of tourist travel, and how to increase it in this Territory, is one that commands itself readily to the consideration of business men, and this question has been taken up in earnest by several members of the Merchants' Association, who believe that there is practically no limit to the possibilities in this direction, if sufficient energy is put forth to properly develop it."

The present period of trade depression will prove a great ultimate advantage if it results in awakening the community to the fact that there is an immense tourist trade to be had for the asking and the expenditure of a reasonable amount of effort.

Of course there will be expense; no reasonable man anticipates dividends without investment, but if distributed among those who will ultimately benefit, the cost would not be appreciably felt in any direction in comparison to the returns, but to be successful the effort should be sustained by united and aggressive action all along the line—no individual can exert sufficient influence to divert travel in any given direction, and so, as a community, we must go after this trade, which surely will not come to us unsolicited.

"Who are interested? I should judge that the transportation companies principally. First, the transcontinental railroad companies, then the ocean steamship companies, then the local transportation corporations, and individually, every member of the community, from the wealthiest sugar planter to the bootblack, who carries his stock in trade on his back. It is true that many of our sugar magnates are independently well off, but there are many who are wealthy on paper only, and who can neither sell a share of stock nor borrow a dollar on it, and to these the subject of tourist travel should appeal most potently. We all know that sugar is 'King,' but there are others—A. B. C. Bohemian," for instance, but that is getting off the subject.

"It is well known that San Francisco is making a strong effort to attract tourist business, and she can well afford to encourage it towards Honolulu, since the bulk of travel would be through the Golden Gate, and the metropolis of the Pacific Coast would thus profit. It would seem that the San Francisco press should refrain, if only from a standpoint of self interest, from publishing unsubstantiated lurid literature to our disadvantage, such, for instance, as the late illustrations of the volcano-depicting dire disaster that exists only in the imagination of some ambitious but ill-advised sensational writer. Press comments should be guarded always, but particularly during periods of panic and disaster, and an indiscreet cartoon may do us more harm than can be repaired in months.

"If you inquire of the retail merchants they will no doubt inform you that their busy days are when foreign steamers are in port, especially those vessels that arrive and remain a few hours during daylight.

"What can be done to induce tourist travel? That is the question now occupying the attention of the committee of the Merchants' Association, and no doubt they will make some practical suggestions on the subject. One of the first principles, however, is to pool issues and pull together instead of in different directions. When you hear a merchant say he does not care a rap if never a tourist came to Honolulu he talks thoughtlessly, and should reflect that whatever is beneficial to the majority is absolutely a benefit directly or indirectly to himself.

"During my recent visit to Southern California I was impressed that so many of the attractions were artificial. There is not in all the portions of Southern California a hill like Tantalus or a valley like Manoa or Iao, so far as natural attractions are concerned, and nothing as grand as Haleakala, or as impressive as Kilaeua, but there is a united effort to make up artificially for what nature has denied, in the way of easily accessible transportation and accommodations. Los Angeles, as you know, is the 'Mecca' of the Eastern tourist and he visits that vicinity by the tens of thousands regularly during the winter season. He has been induced to migrate over the continent primarily through concessions made, and influence exerted by the transcontinental lines, particularly the Santa Fe, but when he arrives in sight of the Pacific he enters a community prepared with the best of accommodations and the determination to satisfy his every want, who pull together as one man for his reception, who do not waste time, each in knocking his neighbor, but rather vie with each other to 'take the stranger in,' and he comes and goes satisfied, only to return again.

TUBERCULOSIS DECREASING ALL OVER THE ISLANDS

Government Physicians Report That Health Conditions Throughout the Group Are Now Excellent.

THROUGHOUT the islands there is no longer an increase in the Hawaiian Islands, according to the returns made by Government physicians to the Board of Health for the month of May. A special query, "Is tuberculosis increasing in the districts?" was sent to each Government physician last month, and a negative reply was received from all but two districts. In Ewa, Oahu, Dr. Davis reported, "I think not," and Dr. Wood of Waialae reported in the affirmative. The death records for months past have shown an alarming increase of fatalities resulting from tuberculosis, and the reports of Government physicians of no further spread of the disease is a gratifying surprise.

Good health and sanitary conditions were reported from all the Islands, though with a considerable number of colds and cases of influenza.

Dr. Sandow of Waimea, Kauai, reports: "The general health of Waimea district is exceptionally good. The sanitary conditions were never better.

I personally went around with the Deputy Sheriff on a house to house inspection. Whenever necessary a general clean-up was ordered. I also posted circulars calling attention to the dangers arising from dirt during the hot season just approaching. The camps of the several plantations are in satisfactory shape; all the houses on Kekaha and Makaweli plantations have been raised from the ground, giving plenty of air space beneath."

Cases of typhoid, chicken pox and influenza are reported in Waimea.

At Koalaupo and Koolauao, Oahu, Dr. Deas reports conditions as "Excellent, except in regard to the inevitable

"It is now up to us to convince the traveler that here is a retreat, equally delightful in winter or summer, where natural beauties abound, a climate always congenial; that we have good and sufficient accommodations, surf bathing, the finest on earth, and incidentally that we can offer securities and investments to delight the hearts of the 3 per cent capitalists of the mainland.

"In short, as our policy is broad and progressive, so we may expect to reap the reward—and to convince others of the many advantages we have to offer, we must first look them up ourselves. No one can successfully propagate a theory unless first himself convinced. As to methods of accomplishing this, that is a matter for deliberate consideration, and to be determined later. The facts are, however, that here is a business that can be developed annually to an extent equal to the total of the claims. There never was a more opportune time to secure it. The question first to be settled is, Have we energy and grit enough to work together unitedly for the accomplishment of so desirable an object?"

CASE DOES GOOD WORK AT WAILUKU

Attorney General Dole has received a report from Sheriff Baldwin of Maui on the work before Judge Kalau at the term of court just closed. D. H. Case acted as Deputy Attorney General during the term, and was highly complimented by Sheriff Baldwin, as well as by the members of the jury which acted during the term.

The following is a copy of the letter received by Attorney General Dole:

Wailuku, Maui, June 23, 1902.
E. P. Dole, Esq.,
Attorney General.

Dear Sir—I beg to report that the criminal work before the June term of the Circuit Court of the Second Circuit was closed today, all of the criminal cases having been disposed of with the exception of three cases which go over to the next term.

The grand jury convened on the 4th inst., but adjourned to the following day, upon which day they began work, and adjourned on the 9th inst., having investigated 16 criminal cases, and of which true bills were found in 13 cases.

Of the 13 indictable offenses, 12 cases were tried, in 11 of which convictions were secured, and in one case a nolle prosequi was entered.

The 19 appeal cases were disposed of as follows:

Six convicted.
Three discharged.
Three sentence suspended.
Four nolle prosequi.
Three cases continued until next term.

The total amount for expenses of witnesses will amount to about \$300. We had a very large calendar this term and I am pleased to say that the cases have been most satisfactorily disposed of.

There was a very large number of witnesses necessarily in attendance upon the court.

Mr. Case, the Deputy Attorney General, has done splendid work, and deserves great credit for what has been done at the term.

I beg to remain,
(Signed) L. M. BALDWIN,
Sheriff of Maui.

KAPIOLANI'S GIFT CANOE

A party of Hawaiians visited the National Museum the other day to see the royal yacht of Queen Kapiolani, which she presented to that institution many years ago. The gift was inspired by a visit of this royal personage to the museum when on her way through the United States to England in 1887. Knowing her fondness for aquatic sports, some of the members of her suite suggested that she should see the

THE WEEK ON KAUAI

Lihue Reports Hot Weather and Gay Times.

We are having the hottest weather and the gayest time Lihue has seen for many moons.

A very delightful dance was given by Mrs. W. H. Rice, Jr., and Mrs. Charles Rice on the 19th inst. at Kalapaki.

Miss Mary Rice, Mr. Walter Scott,

Miss Watt and Mr. Fisher were the honored guests at a dinner party given by Mr. and Mrs. Isenberg on the 18th.

Miss Mary Craig and Miss Georgie Speiker of California are the guests of Miss Anna Hion. Miss Speiker is prominent in society circles in San Francisco.

Miss Susan Watt and Mr. William Fisher were married quietly by the Rev. H. Isenberg on the 18th inst. They have been busy receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

The new corner building of Lithue store is completed and presents a more agreeable sight at the center of town. New coffee saloon and a first class restaurant are opened. The tailoring department is also moved to the new building.

The dance given by the young men of Lihue at the court house on the 24th of May was a very enjoyable occasion. Many lovers of dancing from the other districts of the island were present. Everyone seemed to have enjoyed themselves immensely. Much praise is due Dr. Hutchinson and the rest of the young men for the way they carried the affair through.

Those who attended the dance given by Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wilcox at Kilohana on the 18th, enjoyed one of the best dances ever given in Lihue. A better place for such an occasion could not be found than the beautiful home of Hon. A. S. Wilcox, with its spacious rooms and handsome furnishings.

Kappelmeister Berger and his boys

made a lasting impression upon the people of Kauai. If we are sure of having the smiling face of the professor with us two or three times a year in the future, certainly there will be no doubt of our delegates to the Legislature voting for a generous appropriation for the band.

Miss Kalu of Grove Farm gave a grand luau a few weeks ago on the occasion of her birthday. There were many young people present who drank the delicious output of the Lihue Soda Water Works with a full sense of appreciation of her hospitality, and hoped her many returns of the day. The patroresses were Miss Tiser and Mrs. J. B. Alexander. Mr. DeLacy furnished the dance music.

A number of candidates are being boomed by their friends for Representatives, and every one of them is worth our votes. The most prominent are Mr. Francis Gay, Mr. Edwin O. Ostend, Mr. E. A. Kaupule, Mr. M. A. Rege, Mr. Charles Fice, Mr. George Munden and Mr. S. K. Kaili. From this showing of names and because of the other candidates who are sure to crop up before the convention, we are likely to have a lively time selecting our standard bearers.

Miss Kapuni Ah Chong and Mr. Benjamin Hanalei were united in marriage by the Rev. Kaauwai on Wednesday, May 28, 1902. The ceremony took place at the home of the groom.

The parlors and dining halls, where the ceremony was performed, were beautifully decorated with palms and ferns of the true Hawaiian style. The wedding was followed by a luau and a dance, the Lihue Quartet and Mr. DeLacy furnishing the music.

It is believed that the large majority of the Republicans are in favor of going before the people with a straightforward pledge of municipal government for the Islands. It certainly seems impossible that the Republican party could have any other platform. Of course it would not be the design of the party to create a municipal form of government with elective offices to be filled by persons of an opposite political faith. Unless the Republican party can control things, and this coming election will determine, we should stoutly oppose county government. We saw by the last Legislature what can be expected with an illiterate, incompetent, unreliable electorate in the majority. The honesty and competence of the Islands must rule them, and that should settle it.

There are no persons on Kauai so sick of the Home Rulers as the sensible, well informed natives who were fooled into affiliating with that party at the last election. It is believed that the strength of the Republican party this time will be those who were talked over to give the Home Rulers a chance last time. They have had their chance and they showed that they could accomplish absolutely nothing for the good of even their own friends with everything their own way. How much less can they do in the minority, as they will be at the next Legislature?

Every vote at the coming election cast for a Home Ruler will be a vote for a dead man, and it will be just as sensible and just as useful if all those who intend voting the Home Rule ticket next November stay at home election day, take a good sleep and dream about the Bandit Log party and the Jabbertalk Legislature in the hey-day of their glory, before they talked themselves to death.—The Garden Isle.

Young Paul Neumann.

Paul Neumann, son of the famous Paul Neumann, banker, bohemian and soldier of fortune, has started out to make a career for himself as interesting and romantic as was his father's. He went to Edinburgh three years ago to study medicine and at the end of the second term was seized with a severe case of lary mania. He enlisted in the medical corps and was shipped to South Africa. He did not find patching up wounded soldiers exciting enough and he relieved the monotony by potting Boers whenever the chance offered. On one of these little sorties he dragged back to cover, at the risk of his life, an equally venturesome comrade who had wandered too far afield and received a bullet in his hide. For this Neumann received distinguished service orders and the little silver medal so highly coveted in the British army, which is sometimes given with the orders. Upon his return to England he found it impossible on account of his health to go on with his medical studies, and he is now in New York doing newspaper work.—Town Talk.

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THE VISIT TO MOLOKAI

Board of Health Is
Soon to
Go.

Contracts for supplies and a discussion of the coming visit to the Molokai Settlement formed the principal topics for discussion at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Health.

A new departure is to be made this year in that only members of the Board of Health will be allowed to make the trip, it having been the custom formerly to take along a representative from each newspaper and also a limited number of relatives of lepers. Arrangements have been made for the trip to take place July 11, and the Inter-Island Steamship Co.'s steamer *Nousau* will be chartered for the occasion. The trip is now arranged will take two days, though several of the members objected strenuously to extending the time. There was objection also on the part of some of the members to the *Nousau* because of insufficient cabin accommodations, and a change may be made before the trip is finally arranged. There have been made a good many improvements and changes recently at the settlement, and it is for this reason that a longer time is desired at Kalaupapa. Final arrangements in regard to the matter were left in the hands of Executive Officer Pratt. The *Nousau*'s charter price is \$350.

SUPPLIES PURCHASED.

Tenders were opened yesterday for supplies for the Lepper Settlement and insane asylum and contracts ordered made with the successful bidders. Home firms were given the preference in the purchase of supplies in every instance, though there were numerous bids by mainland agents. The following contracts were authorized, the supplies being for the Settlement except where otherwise specified:

Allen & Robinson—Lumber, shingles, batons and coal.

California Feed Co.—Wheat.

T. H. Davies & Co.—Nails, white lead, lime, bran, flour, condensed milk, coarse salt.

Hackfeld & Co.—Baking powder, beef, charcoal, matches, condensed milk, sugar, soap. For insane asylum, beans.

Hall & Son—Galvanized iron pipe.

J. A. Hopper & Co.—Galvanized iron pipe, rice. For insane asylum, salmon.

Lewis & Co.—Condensed milk. For asylum, brooms, onions, pork, sugar, tomatoes.

Love's Bakery—Bread. For insane asylum, bread.

May & Co.—Coffee (two grades), salmon. For insane asylum, beans, brooms, coffee, flour, salmon, prunes, tomatoes.

Metropolitan Meat Co.—For insane asylum, beefsteak.

Pacific Hardware Co.—Nails (two kinds), boiled oil, turpentine, kerosene oil. For insane asylum, brooms, two varieties.

Wilder & Co.—Doors and window sashes.

FISH MARKET FOR HILO.

Dr. Shoggott reported on his recent trip to Hilo, highly praising Sheriff Andrews and the sanitary arrangements of the city. He said that the Sheriff had promised the use of the prisoners in cleaning a ditch which required attention.

Regarding the fish market application, he stated that he saw no reason for not granting the desired permission, as fish were so high in Hilo now that they could go no higher and the market would not affect the price in the least. The fish inspector will have an office in the market and inspect every fish sold, which cannot be done under the present arrangements. He recommended that the desired permission be granted, which the board voted, the usual regulations to govern.

FOREIGN HEALTH REPORT.

Letters were read from Dr. Cofer reporting upon the health conditions in the Orient and Australia as follows:

At Hong Kong for two weeks ending May 30—Cholera, seventy-seven cases; sixty-seven deaths. Smallpox, two cases, no deaths. Typhoid, one case. Plague, sixty-four cases and sixty-seven deaths.

At Shanghai several deaths from cholera were reported.

At Yokohama one case of smallpox was reported and three cases on a number of Japanese islands.

At Sydney but one case of plague was reported for the week ending May 31st.

OTHER MATTERS.

The new health rules and regulations prepared by a special committee were unanimously adopted, and the old rules of the Board of Health were rescinded by resolution. There was some discussion as to the new pig regulation, which was adopted, however, with an amendment offered by Attorney General Dole.

D. P. Lawrence was appointed registrar by a unanimous vote.

J. J. Donnelly was commissioned an agent of the Board of Health.

Dr. T. McMillan was appointed Government physician at Wailuku, Maui, and his place at Waianae, made vacant by the change, was filled by the election of Dr. K. Hoffman.

Paul Isenberg reported in regard to the condemnation of a building at Nuuanu and Pauoa road that the owner had offered his Chinese tenant \$75 to move and that the building would be vacated and improved.

The request of L. A. Bartlett for permission to visit the settlement was denied.

The petition of Lam Yow for per-

JOHN NOTT WITNESSES TWO CORONATION CELEBRATIONS

WHEN Victoria was crowned Queen of Great Britain and Ireland on June 28, 1837, John Nott, the grandson of Honolulu, was a small boy and witnessed the coronation procession in the City of Bristol, England. His father walked in the procession as a member of the Incorporated Society of Tradesmen, and Mr. Nott's remembrance of the great occasion has much to do with the preparations of his parent to participate in the same. Mr. Nott had the misfortune to injure his left leg last week and is unable to leave his house at present, and he fears that on this day, the coronation of King Edward VII, he will be unable to take part in the celebration of the British subjects residing in Honolulu. Mr. Nott's remembrance of the Victorian coronation procession, as told to an Advertiser reporter yesterday, is as follows:

"Well I remember the coronation day of Queen Victoria, which occurred on June 28, 1838, sixty-four years ago, lacking but two days of the exact number of years to that of King Edward. It seems strange to believe that I should be alive on two occasions of such moment to the British nation, bridged by such a long span of years. King Edward's coronation day this 26th of June recalls to my mind with startling vividness the incidents which I behold on Victoria's coronation day, when I was a lad of about seven years."

"I was born in Bristol and my father was also born there, where he followed the trade of a brazier. He became Freeman of the City of Bristol in August of the same year and I am proud to be the owner of this valuable document which was given into my keeping several years ago. I learned my trade as a brazier under him, and it is due to the fact that he was one of the vast army of English tradesmen, that I remember the procession in Bristol.

"I was a member of the Sunday school of Beckford church, and I remember that we gathered at the church under our teachers and marched to one of the principal streets, where we were given a place in the line from which we could see every part of the procession. It was a great day for us little ones, for it meant not only a sight of the procession but a visit to the zoological gardens and a feast afterwards.

"My father, as I have said, was a brazier, and all his craft made a fine appearance to the men copper from which each fashioned a helmet. On each side was the name 'Victoria' in white letters. On the front side was a brazen star with the letters 'V-R' on either side. Then they made brazen shields, which they carried on the left arm, and this was also embazoned with 'V-R'. They carried in their right hands a sort of mace, made also of copper.

"The helmet which my father wore on that occasion was kept by him up to the time of his death in New York, a little more than a year ago, but unfortunately condemned, was denied

mission to die a pond in the rear of his house at Waikiki; his duck pond having been recently condemned, was denied

Permission was granted two Mormon elders, David Johnson and C. W. Kinney of West Maui, to visit the Settlement in order to confer with members of the church. There was some discussion of the matter and it was decided that as all other sects had been allowed to establish churches at Kalaupapa no distinction should be made in regard to the Latter Day Saints.

GOLD FISH IN WATER TANK

Gold fish in the streams and reservoirs of Nuuanu Valley which supply water for the use of the city residents are said to menace the health of users. It has long been known that the gold fish abounded in the water sources in the upper part of the valley, but few of them went through the big mains, as screens prevented them from entering the openings. The screens, however, did not prevent the passage of spawns into the mains, thus allowing them to be distributed in all sections of the city.

Sometimes the employees who are in charge of the works at the supply places are compelled to use shovels to remove them, especially after a freshet. At such times they are flung up against the screens in such numbers as to also prevent the water from passing into the mains.

A family which uses water from a large tank, into which water from Luka-kaha is pumped at intervals, for domestic purposes, noticed that the water had a peculiar taste. Even when used in cooking the food seemed to be affected. Finally members of the family became nauseated after drinking the water, and it was decided then to investigate the tank. The water was drained from it and in the bottom were found a number of gold fish, some of them having been dead for several days.

It is the opinion that the fish developed from spawn which was pumped from the head of Nuuanu Valley through the pipes and thence into the reservoir tank. The family has decided that not only shall all water used for domestic purposes be boiled thoroughly, but that the tank will also be inspected at short intervals.

Gold fish spawn is a source of trouble in many of the districts having to do much with water. In taro patches that have become dry, where it is supposed that all life is extinct, gold fish will be found swimming about a short time after water is turned into the place.

Ministers in Slugging Match.

ATHENS, June 14.—The lord governor of Crete has dismissed his minister of the interior, Kamburov, for engaging in a slugging match with the



JOHN NOTT.

RICH LAND

—
Central Kona
FOR SALE

By order of REINNE BOHANET, trustee, I offer for sale those certain parcels of land situated at Oahu, North Kona, Island of Hawaii, described in Royal Patent (dissent) No. 1161 in F. O. Schubel, and containing 173 acres. Royal Patent (dissent) No. 2862 to Awahua and containing 289 1/2 acres, situated at Keopuhi and Omuli, Island of Hawaii.

This is a tract of land of over 312 acres, situated in the most fertile and richest portion of the Island of Hawaii. It faces the new Government road, extends to the sea, and is five minutes' walk from Kealakekua Bay, by way of the old Government road which runs through the property. Portions of the land are already under cultivation.

This tract is so situated that it is about midway between Kainu and Hookena, and five miles from Napoopoo, three most important ports of the Kona district. It has sufficient elevation, running up to fourteen hundred feet, to be particularly healthful, and its soil is well adapted to the growth of sugar cane, coffee, fruits, dairying, or for the promotion of diversified farming.

Occupants of this land have easy access to several ports for export, and with the advent of the Kona Railroad will find themselves in close communication with the thriving City of Hilo. This, of course, affords a splendid opportunity for the exporting of farm products to the California markets.

With the revival of the Kona Sugar Co., considerable portions of this land can be successfully planted to sugar cane.

This is one of the most splendid opportunities for a good investment that has been put upon the market for a considerable period of time.

Further particulars of

JAMES F. MORGAN,
65 QUEEN STREET.

Castle & Cooke.
—LIMITED—

LIFE and FIRE
INSURANCE
AGENTS. . .

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF BOSTON.

Aetna Life Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

Castle & Cooke, Ltd.
HONOLULU.
Commission Merchants.
SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR—
The Ewa Plantation Co.
The Waialua Agricultural Co., Ltd.
The Kohala Sugar Co.
The Waimea Sugar Mill Co.
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis Mo.
The Standard Oil Co.
The George F. Blake Steam Pump
Weston's Centrifugals.
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston.
The Asiatic Fire Insurance Co.
The Alliance Assurance Co. of London.

PARIS, June 7.—The Maharajah of Jaipur, who is fabulously wealthy, has arrived for the coronation with three hundred swarthy retainers. He is residing at Marcy Lodge, Kensington, a row of sixteen houses close by being reserved for his suite. He brought a large golden image of the Hindu god Krishna, worth \$250,000. One room is set apart as a temple, where pagan worship is carried within this city.

John Nott, Brazier, is admitted into the liberty of this City, the 6th day of August, 1838. (Signed) John Karle Haberfield, Esquire, Mayor, and for that he was apprentice to Thomas Blumer, a Freeman of the same."

Russing consul, and being beaten by the Muscovite, Prince George, who is somewhat of a scrapper himself, says it would never do to retain a high official who allowed himself to be licked by a foreigner; the Islanders would have no respect for a pummeled minister.

Success and satisfaction may be relied upon by those fortunate persons who send orders to

THE MAN FOR ME!

The Happy Man!
The Man With Force!
The Man With Grit!



The man whose look and action show him to be one of nature's models, the man who grasps your hand with a strength and a smile that say, "I am a man." Show me the man with confidence in himself, the man who does not hesitate to do what he thinks is right, and I will show you a man you can trust.

I ADMIRE MEN OF POWER!!

And I have devoted my life to developing them. I know that Electricity is the force that makes vitality, and I use it to build up men who are nervous, listless, sleeping, failing in memory, losing self-confidence, weak in heart and stomach, losing youthful ambition and courage. Men like that, or those with pain in the back, rheumatism, sciatica and other trouble, which takes a low grade of natural power away from them, cannot be made strong and energetic with an Electric Belt. If you are such a man come to me. My belt is in a class by itself. Take the other kind in trade. Get my book. If has facts you will be interested in. It is free if you enclose this ad.

DR. M. E. McLAUGHLIN, 906 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.

This is 'It'

Prices

\$5 00 and \$6 00



The BANISTER is the best shoe sold in Honolulu. Everybody knows that. For dress, there's nothing that quite compares with the

James A. Banister Shoe

They are best in every sense of the word—best in quality, best in fit, best in style and as a natural consequence, best in value.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited
1057 FORT STREET.

AMERICAN PACKING.

We wish to call the attention of our readers to the fact that there is at least one house in the United States whose packing of goods for export, family orders or otherwise, is second to none in the world.

This house started out many years ago to compete with European methods of packing, and has received many flattering comments and no complaints of same.

Success and satisfaction may be relied upon by those fortunate persons who send orders to

Smiths' Cash Store,
Nos. 25-27 Market St., San Francisco, Cal., U.S.A.

Cable Address, "Fidelity."

N. B.: You should have their price list if not on file.

F. Clarence Allen, whose good work was shown at the Oahu College graduation exercises night before last, headed a college serenade last evening. The serenaders, under Mr. Allen's guitar lead, played at various residences in the heart of the city. The native songs, among them "Aloha Oe," were rendered most acceptably, and the beautiful *Intermezzo* from *Cavalleria Rusticana* won the hearts of all listeners. Much credit is due to Mr. Allen for his training of the serenaders and also for the excellent work interpreted on his own instrument.

THE V-A-S-E.

From the madding crowd they stand apart,
The maidens four and the work of Art;
And none might tell from sight alone
In which had Culture ripest grown—
The Gotham Million fair to see.
The Philadelphia Pedigree,
The Boston Mind of azure hue,
Or the soulful Soul from Kalamazoo—
For all loved Art in a seemly way,
With an earnest soul and a capital A.
• • • • •
Long they worshipped; but no one broke
The sacred stillness, until up spoke
The Western one from the nameless place,
Who, blushing, said: "What a lovely vase."
Over three faces a sad smile flew,

And they edged away from Kalamazoo.
But Gotham's haughty soul was stirred
To crush the stranger with one small word,
Deftly hiding reproof in praise,
She cries: "Tis, inde, i a lovely vase!"
But brief her unworthy triumph, when
The lofty one from the house of Penn,
With a consciousness of two grandpas,
Exclaims: "It is quite a lovely vase!"
And glances round with an anxious thrill,
Awaiting the word of Beacon Hill.
But the Boston maid smiles courteousle,
And gently murmurs: "Oh, pardon me!"
I did not catch your remark, because
I was so entranced with that charming vase!"
—James Jeffrey Roche in *Life*.

The large demand for vases has induced the Pacific Hardware Co. to place on sale at their Bethel Street Department, an invoice intended for the Holidays:

Fine Cut Glass, Bohemian Glass, Florentine Faience, Majolica, etc., etc., in every variety of design and shape.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., Ltd.
BETHEL STREET, ABOVE CASTLE & COOKE'S.

Hawaiian Gazette.Edited at the Postoffice of Honolulu.
H. T. Reed, Editor-in-Chief.

SEMI-WEEKLY

WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Per Month, Foreign \$6.00
Per Year, Foreign \$60.00

—Payable in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON,

Manager

FRIDAY

JUNE 27

OFFICE-HOLDERS IN POLITICS.

Governor Dole's views upon the political duties and privileges of Territorial office-holders appear below:

Honolulu, June 23d, 1890.
Mr. J. H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works, Territory of Hawaii.

Sir:—In relation to the recent discussion in the Executive meeting on the subject of the political activity of officials my opinion is that while it is not expected that officials shall forego their civil rights in political affairs, they should not use their official authority for the purpose of dominating the political party with which they are connected, or of controlling the result of elections.

Just sense of political propriety should be the best guide in a matter of this kind, which from its very nature does not admit of hard and fast definitions.

I recommend that the above be substituted for the instructions on this subject previously issued.

Very respectfully,

S. B. DOLE.

We do not interpret this letter as meaning that a good Republican in office shall cease to work for his party. He may labor for it along all legitimate lines when his time is not required in the public service; but he must not engage in factional politics, nor pack primaries or conventions nor manipulate electoral results nor in any way "do politics" in the offensive sense which one naturally identifies with the professional job-chaser. He may, we should think, belong to campaign committees, make speeches, march in parades and write political matter for the press. These are among the rights he enjoys as an American citizen. But there is a wide difference between a party man thus active, and an offensive partisan. It is one, to quote Gov. Dole's phrase, which a sense of official propriety may be relied upon to define.

A TOURIST AGENCY.

The idea of having a Hawaiian tourist agency at San Francisco is a good one, but there ought also to be such a bureau at Los Angeles.

Sixty-five per cent of the tourists who visit California go first to Los Angeles or to another point in the southern part of the State. They stay there until warm weather approaches and then go home via San Francisco. If they did not come West on round-trip tickets they book for the East at Los Angeles and, when they get into the coast metropolis on a stop-over, are already ticketed for home by an early train. The place to catch the most of the tourist trade is at Los Angeles in winter; the object should be to get the tourists who flock there—and who often complain because it isn't warm enough—to divide their vacations between Southern California and Hawaii.

An agency at San Francisco would be useful but not at the expense of one at Los Angeles.

Kitchener's popularity has half eclipsed the fame of Roberts as the real hero on the English side of the Boer war. It was Roberts who put an end to the organized resistance of the Burghers by capturing their two capitals and their principal towns, forts and arsenals, seizing their railroads, cutting off their supplies from abroad and driving Krueger to Europe. After that the Boers became guerrillas and the task of suppressing them was quite like that of eradicating ordinary brigandage and did not require an officer of Lord Roberts' rank and experience.

If the Queen has any title to the crown lands she ought to bring suit to establish it. The fact that she prefers to have Congress act, is not merely an evidence of thrift but a sign of fear that the courts would decide against her. Doubtless it encourages her to think that a Congressional commission may come and look into the matter, though there is a yawning divergence, as past experience must have taught her, between even the favorable report of a commission and the ultimate action of Congress.

George A. Davis has been granted another big fee by his friend Judge Gear. This time the sum is \$1500. It calls for so much unselfishness on the part of a \$250 per month judge to pass over other people's money in budget to a former business partner, as to prompt, in the breast of every sympathizing man, a feeling of regret that the law does not encourage the parties to divide.

It may turn out that South Africa was as fortunate in Cecil Rhodes' death as in his life. Reconciliation between Boer and Briton will be far easier with Cecil Rhodes absent from the scene. No Boer ever felt harmonious when the name of the great imperialist was mentioned.

The general meaning of Gov. Dole's civil service reform circular is that when a Territorial official makes himself an offensive partisan he will lose his job. The meaning of the phrase "offensive partisanship" is left to his own common sense.

The rumor that the Panama lobby is free with its inducements is borne out by the sudden appearance of Delegate Wilson in the group of its champions.

The President has enlarged the Pope's interest in the strenuous life by sending him a copy of his book on bronco busting.

Current question back East: "If you were rich, what would you buy—a Panama hat or a rib roast?"

Hawaii may expect to get a Rhodes scholarship about the time it gets a Carnegie library.

THE WORLD SALUTES.

A world-wide observance of any spirit of British King, as a sign of a real holiday, such as the coronation of modern state. A hundred years ago and less, about two-thirds of the globe was a terra incognita to the European; that is to say, the European knew little of Africa, Australia, South America, western North America and a part of Asia that could be learned from a view of their coasts. Moreover news went slowly then, and it is conceivable that even a British colonization, with its long foreground of publicity, would not have been heard of in some remote English and foreign settlements until after the event.

The advance of civilization and in the means of passing the word since the time of George III, and even the later day of Victoria, makes the coronation day of Edward VII one which British subjects in every part of the world may respond to at the same moment of solar time. There are but few places, such as islands without cables and Arctic solitudes, which are not in electric touch with London. What has been done today in the British capital is already known in Darkest Africa, at Stanley Falls, at Khartoum, in the German hinterland and in Rhodesia. It is known in the recesses of Brazil and Patagonia, on the Yukon River, in the far Northwest of Siberia, in Manchuria, at Teheran, at Hobart Town and in Jerusalem. With the development in cable and wireless telegraphy it may be possible, before the next coronation, to even keep ships at sea and exploring parties near the pole apprised of every step of the regal ceremony.

The changes of time are also shown in the attitude of the people towards the accession of a new King. In olden days disturbances were always to be feared and the army was alert; but now any constitutional sovereign takes the throne amid a well-nigh universal feeling of good will. It is not that the people have altered; they are still tenacious of their rights and liberties; but Kings themselves have changed for the better and now make it their high duty to serve rather than to govern. They are no longer the masters; they are either the permanent executives or the convenient figure-heads of State. Edward VII threatens no man, however humble; no Lord High Executioner follows in his train. And so it comes about that the cry "God Save the King," which has rolled around the world, is not a mere service of the lip. His fellow-human beings are sincerely glad at heart to see him live and prosper and make his reign useful to the world.

SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

The idea of a Saturday half-holiday, applying to all salaried workers and as many others as will take it, rests on the established fact that the white man cannot labor in the tropics all day in northern latitudes and keep his health. He may go on for a time and not feel the effects; but his working capacity will begin to decline before it ought and he will have to retire before his span of years should call for it. Women workers go first; but men workers do not last much longer.

In most tropical cities but this one holidays are frequent, the best between seven a. m. and three p. m. is an institution and Saturday is a day for recreation—Saturday and Sunday both. This custom did not come of mere indolence or if it did, the indolence itself was nature's valid protest against too much work under a vertical sun. In old times there was something very like it in Honolulu; but the influx of people from the North drove it out, and now our business men strive and strive and keep things going from sunrise to sundown or late evening, quite as they did when they lived in a crisp and bracing atmosphere. It is doubtful if they make any more money by it in the long run; it is certain that they and their employees lose in vitality.

To the physical needs of white men and women workers in the tropics, a Saturday half-holiday is not a radical concession; but it is a thoroughly reasonable one and could be adopted without causing any irreparable inconvenience to the selling or buying public.

AN INSULT FROM THE BENCH.

Though the President of the United States has seen fit to send a special embassy to attend the coronation of King Edward and though the Governor of the Territory has acted in the same spirit of cordiality toward a friendly power, it remains for Judge A. S. Humphreys to signalize the day by an elaborate insult to the British people.

We do not complain of his refusal to adjourn his court. In fact any evidence of a desire to work and not to take a vacation or recess entitles him to a certain amount of praise. But it was most offensive in him, a man claiming, however falsely, the title of "United States Judge" and being a Territorial appointee of the President, to take such an occasion as this to arraign the British government and people, and in a strain of impertinence which even a man of turgid rhetoric does not conceal, to draw comparisons against them in favor of the Boers.

Our British fellow-citizens are naturally incensed. They could look for libelous and seditious politics in a man of Humphreys' character and antecedents and pass the thing off by discrediting the source; but when an elaborate insult is visited upon them by a judicial appointee of the President of the United States, their offence takes an acute form. We do not doubt that this feeling will be shared by the President if the matter is properly brought to his notice.

It is not likely that there will be any change in the status of the Roman Catholic Church in these islands for a long time to come. This is not a See in the American sense but a "mission to the heathen," especially entrusted by the Pope to a French religious order. If complaints existed, like those in the Philippines, Rome might see the advisability of a change; but the great mass of Catholics here seems to be satisfied with the status quo and not desirous of seeing the relation with the Bishop of Panoplis altered.

King Edward has always been a good friend of America and Americans; and his report of the reception given him in the United States just before the rebellion, largely influenced the Queen in standing firmly against the advice of her ministers to interfere on behalf of the South in our Civil War. So on the whole King Edward has been a good investment for us.

Judge Estee's course in adjourning the United States Court in honor of the British celebration was in the best of taste and feeling and will be appreciated by Americans as well as British residents here.

BRITONS HOLD A CELEBRATION AT CATHEDRAL

(Continued from Page 1)

LOCAL BREVIETIES

(From Wednesday's Daily)

The open season for darts begins June 1st.

Gymnastics will run at regular hours, being on Tuesdays and Thursdays for the ball.

Miss Ridgway, Instructor in drawing at Oahu College, will have for this next week for the summer.

A meeting of the Democratic committee will be held within a few days to elect a successor to Chairman McCarthy.

More reserved seats for St. Louis College entertainment for June 26th by ringing up Territorial Messenger Service, Main 261.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Lewis, instructor in literature at Oahu College, leaves for the Moana for Vancouver on July 2, whence she will leave for home in the east. She will not return to Honolulu.

It is said that Bishop Gulistan's visit to California is for the purpose of arranging a transfer of the Catholic church here to American jurisdiction, though Catholic churchmen here deny the story.

T. F. Sedgwick, special agricultural agent, left yesterday for Kula, Maui, to go there for a week. The United States Experimental Bureau is conducting experiments with potatoes in the Kula district, and Sedgwick will note the progress of the work already made.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Kohala Sugar Company was held yesterday morning, at which the action of the Board of Directors in extending the charter and regarding the bond issue was ratified. It was decided also to donate an acre of land to the Catholic church at Kohala.

(From Thursday's daily.)

C. S. Holloway defeated A. L. C. Atkinson at yesterday's session in the Elk's ping pong tournament.

Secretary Cooper, who has been ill for several weeks, was at his office yesterday morning for a few minutes.

Misses May and Charlotte Ferreira, who have been teaching in Kona, Hawaii, are spending their vacation in Honolulu.

The government offices, banks and many of the business houses will close at noon today, because of the coronation of King Edward.

Masons living on the island of Kauai are preparing to organize a lodge, and will soon apply for a charter. The Lodge headquarters will probably be Lihue.

Commissioner Wray Taylor has appointed three judges of the bower for the coming agricultural fair—Mrs. S. C. Allen, Mrs. E. D. Tenney and Mrs. W. A. Henshall.

The 20 new oil tank cars for the Oahu railway have been nearly completed. They are to be used in conveying petroleum to the various islands and plantations.

The Rev. Mr. Wilson, who returned yesterday on the Albatross, this being his second trip, is reported to have benefited from the journey and is now enjoying much improved health.

The Paradise of the Pacific for June is out.

Judge Robinson held court all day yesterday trying to finish up the contested case, which has been occupying his attention this week.

The Honolulu Brewery is building a \$50,000 storage house at its plant in Kakaako. Room will be made for the storage of 5000 more barrels of beer.

Mrs. Dole will not receive today—Friday, the 27th—and she will not receive on Friday, the Fourth of July. After that the usual reception will be held every Friday from 3 to 6.

J. Aheong et al. have sued the Haiku Sugar Company, claiming valuable land in Kaipakalua, Maui, and \$1500 damage for trespass. It is alleged that the defendant has been occupying the land in question for six years without legal right or authority of law.

The first of the Prime beer saloon licenses will be out on the first of July, and Treasurer Wright will not release it. Henry Klemmen holds the license and runs a prime saloon in Kakaako. There are nine or ten other prime saloons whose licenses expire next month.

That it may please thee to illuminate all Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, with true knowledge and understanding of thy Word; and that both by their preaching and living they may set it forth and shew it accordingly;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to endue the Lords of the Council, and all the Nobility, with grace, wisdom, and understanding;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bless and keep the Magistrates, giving them grace to execute justice, and to maintain truth;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to give to all nations unity, peace and concord;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

Son of God: we beseech thee to hear us;

Son of God: we beseech thee to hear us.

O Lamb of God: that takes away the sins of the world;

Grant us thy peace.

O Lamb of God: that takes away the sins of the world;

Have mercy upon us.

O Christ, hear us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Christ, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Good Lord, deliver us.

From all evil and mischief; from sin, from the crafts and assaults of the devil; from thy wrath, and from everlasting damnation.

Good Lord, deliver us.

From all sedition, privy conspiracy, and rebellion; from all false doctrine, heresy, and schism; from hardness of heart, and contempt of thy Word and Commandments.

Good Lord, deliver us.

By the mystery of thy holy Incarnation; by thy holy Nativity and Circumcision; by thy Baptism, Fasting, and Temptation.

Good Lord, deliver us.

By thy Agony and bloody Sweat; by thy Cross and Passion; by thy precious Death and Burial; by thy glorious Resurrection and Ascension; and by the coming of the Holy Ghost.

Good Lord, deliver us.

In all time of our tribulation; in all hour of our wealth; in the hour of death, and in the day of judgment.

Good Lord, deliver us.

We sinners do beseech thee to hear us, O Lord God; and that it may please thee to rule and govern thy holy Church universal in the right way;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to keep and strengthen in the true worshipping of thee, in righteousness and holiness of life, thy Servant, EDWARD, King of Great Britain and Ireland and the dominions thereto belonging.

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bless and preserve Her Britannic Majesty Queen Alexandra, George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

And to know the Father, Son,

And these of both, to be but One.

That through the ages all along,

This may be our endless song;

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

And to the world, good Lord.

Anoint and cheer our soiled face,

With the abundance of thy grace,

Keep far our foes, give peace at

home;

Where thou art guide, no ill can

come.

We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

And to the world, good Lord.

Anoint and cheer our soiled face,

With the abundance of thy grace,

MUST PAY INCOME TAX

BRITONS HOLD A CELEBRATION AT CATHEDRAL

(Continued from Page 4)

Returns for income tax for the present year must again be made by the citizens of the Territory during the month of July. Treasurer Wright has sent out such notices to all the Assessors of the Islands, and "Authority" advertisements are published for the first time today.

Citizens of the Territory who paid their income tax last November under protest, expecting to secure a refund of their money when the Supreme Court knocked out the law, were disagreeably surprised when that body upheld the action of the Legislature in its more important details. Then hope arose again when the commercial bodies of the city announced their intention of appealing to the United States Supreme Court, attorneys assuring them that the statute would undoubtedly be killed in the highest court of the land. The failure to perfect the appeal has, however, left the law still on the statute books and Treasurer Wright is going ahead on the sound theory that the law is good until proven otherwise. The notices published today that returns must again be made will come as a rather unwelcome surprise to the people who believed that the income tax paid in November would be the last collected (at least for a year), as the Supreme Court of the United States would declare the law invalid. No appeal has been taken, though it would not be surprising if such action would now be taken.

The income tax hits Oahu Island the hardest, as the returns for all sugar plantations must be made to Assessor Pratt in this city. Last year the collections in Honolulu were \$252,311.71, which was nearly one-third of the total tax collected on the island. The tax collected on Oahu from all sources last year was \$22,842.61, and the tax officials expect the total to be larger this year. They anticipate, however, a reduction in the amount of the income tax collections, because of the fact that a number of the plantations have been rather backward in the matter of paying dividends this year. Slack business and lower rents is also given by officials as a reason why the income tax returns will be smaller this year than before.

Though the 2 per cent tax is assessable only against persons receiving an income of more than \$1000 per annum, returns must be made to the Assessor by all persons in the Territory receiving an income in excess of \$600. This will include the majority of people in the Islands and the Assessors promise to have a busy time during the month of July when all returns must be in.

The following are the provisions of the law governing returns:

Section 6. It shall be the duty of all persons of lawful age having an income of \$600 or more for the preceding year from all sources and of all corporations made liable to income tax to make and render a list or return, between the first and thirty-first days of July of each year, in such form as the Treasurer of the Territory may direct, to the Assessor of the Division in which such persons or corporations reside, locate or do business of the amount of their or its income, gains and profits as aforesaid; and all guardians, trustees, executors, administrators, agents, receivers, and all corporations or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity, shall make or render a list or return as aforesaid to the assessor of the division in which such person or corporation acting in a fiduciary capacity resides or does business of the amount of income, gains and profits of any minor or person for whom they act, and the assessor shall receive every list or return to be verified by the oath or affirmation of the person or authorized officer of the corporation making the same.

If any person or corporation refuse or neglect to render such return within the time required as aforesaid, or renders a return which in the opinion of the assessor is false and fraudulent or contains any understatement, it shall be lawful for the assessor to summon such person, or any of the officers of such corporation or any person having possession, custody or care of books of accounts containing entries relating to the business of such person or corporation, or any other person he may deem proper, wherever residing or found, to appear before him and produce such books at a time and place named in the summons, and to give testimony or answer interrogations under oath respecting any income liable to tax or the returns thereof. False, wilful testimony given before such assessor shall be deemed perjury and punishable as such.

SPECIAL RETURN OF CORPORATIONS.

Section 5. Every corporation doing business for profit in the Territory shall make and render to the assessor of its tax division, between the first and thirty-first days of July of each year, beginning with the year 1901, a full return verified by oath or affirmation of its duly empowered officer, in such form as the Treasurer of the Territory may prescribe, of all the following matters for the whole twelve months ending June 30th last preceding the date of such return:

First. The gross receipts of such corporation from sales made at home or abroad, and from all kinds of business of any name or nature;

Second. The expenses of such corporation, exclusive of interest, annuities and dividends;

Third. The amount paid on account of interest, annuities and dividends stated separately;

Fourth. The amount expended on permanent improvements;

Fifth. The amount paid in salaries or compensation of more than \$600 to each person employed, and the name and amount paid to each.

Italy Defied by the Sultan.

ROME, June 14.—The king received in audience Deputy Morgard, whom he sent to Tripoli on a secret mission. As a consequence of Morgard's investigations the Tripoli expedition may be abandoned. The deputy reports that when he asked the Turkish governor what he would do in case an attempt was made to annex Tripoli, the governor said: "We will resist to the last man, to the last franc piece in our possession, because Tripoli is not only a province of the Ottoman empire, but the gate to vast countries inhabited by 80,000,000 of Moslems."

Praise to the eternal merit,
Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

All Kneeling.

One Father, who art in heaven, blessed be thy name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done on earth, as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil.

THE COLLECT.

Almighty God, unto whom all hearts be open, all desires known, and from whom no secrets are hid; cleanse the thoughts of thy heart by the inspiration of thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love thee, and worthily magnify thy holy Name; through Christ our Lord. Amen.

O God, who providest for thy people by thy power, and rulest over them in love, grant unto thy servant EDWARD, that bears thy name, and to his government, that being delivered unto thee with all his heart, he may so wisely govern his kingdom, that in his time thy Church and people may continue in safety and prosperity; and that persevering in good works unto the end, he may through thy mercy, come to thine everlasting kingdom, through Jesus Christ, thy Son our Lord. Amen.

The Epistle. 1 Pet. ii. 13:

Submit yourself to every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake; whether it be to the King as supreme, or unto Governors, as unto them that are sent by him for the punishment of evildoers, and for the praise of them that do well.

For so is the will of God, that with well-doing ye may put to silence the ignorance of foolish men. As free, and not using your liberty for a cloak of maliciousness, but as the servants of God. Honour all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King.

The Gospel. St. Matthew xxiii. 5:

Then went the Pharisees, and took counsel how they might entangle Him in His talk. And they sent unto Him their disciples with the Herodians, saying, Master, we know that thou art true, and teachest the way of God in truth, neither carest thou for any man; for thou regardest not the person of men. Tell us, therefore, what thinkest thou? Is it lawful to give tribute unto Caesar, or not? But Jesus perceived their wickedness, and said, Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites? Show me the tribute-money. And they brought unto Him a penny. And He saith unto them, Whence is this image and superscription? They say unto Him, Caesar's. Then saith He unto them, Render therefore unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's; and unto God the things that are God's. When they had heard these words, they marvelled, and left Him, and went their way.

Then followed the Nicene Creed.

I believe in one God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth, and of all things visible and invisible:

And in one Lord, Jesus Christ, the only begotten Son of God, begotten of his Father before all worlds. God of God, Light of Light, Very God of very God, Begotten, not made, being of one substance with the Father, by whom all things were made: Who for us men, and for our salvation came down from heaven, And was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, And was made man. And was crucified also for us under Pontius Pilate. He suffered and was buried. And the third day he rose again according to the Scriptures, And ascended into heaven. And sitteth on the right hand of the Father. And he shall come again with glory to judge both the quick and the dead: Whose kingdom shall have no end.

And I believe in the Holy Ghost, the Lord and Giver of Life, Who proceeds from the Father and the Son. Who with the Father and the Son together is worshipped and glorified. Who spake by the Prophets, And I believe one Catholic and Apostolic Church. I acknowledge one Baptism for the remission of sins, And I look for the Resurrection of the dead. And the life of the world to come. Amen.

THE SERMON.

Preacher—The Rev. Canon Mackintosh.

Rev. Alexander Mackintosh took for his text the words of David the Anointed of Israel, "Great deliverance giveth he to his King. He is wonderful among the kings of the earth; He giveth salvation unto kings." Mr. Mackintosh said in part:

What true and perfect satisfaction there is in the heart of every being when he sees that done which is done for the glorification of God. What joy and peace will reign throughout the world to those who can pierce through the outward and visible signs of the great event which takes place today in England and can reach the inward spiritual grace. If in the gorgeous pageantry, the solemn ceremony, the significant forms, the true meaning and object can be perceived, there will be wrought a wondrous change in both sovereign and people. The coronation of a Christian monarch is not the glorification of a man. It is the anointing of a ruler, the choosing and seating of a vicegerent, to carry out the will and plans of the King of Kings and Lord of Lords on earth.

It is meet and right then to lay the earth under tribute to give due honor to such an event. For this reason the place of the coronation of the King of one of the mightiest nations upon earth is within one of the most noble and stately temples dedicated to the King of Kings. Westminster Abbey is the church held most dear to the Englishman and to all who have sprung from England. The soul which is not stirred by the mere name of this glorious land is indeed dead to all that is noble and generous and good. The ashes of the illustrious dead speak from their tombs and their monuments cry out to the world to be exalted to holier things. Within its walls, if God has willed it so to be, a great congregation is assembled on this day, representing all the nations upon earth, to witness the crowning of a King and his Queen, to witness the dedication of these beings to the service of the creator of all worlds. But not only to witness this dedication will this vast assemblage meet. The multitude will fall down before the throne of the Ruler of the Universe in humble supplication and invoke his aid, and beseech him to send his holy spirit that he may pour upon the King and Queen the seven-fold gifts, without which nothing is pure or holy and nothing can prosper.

Would there be anything more fitting than to see a man descended from a race of kings himself kneeling in the presence of his God and before his people, seeking to rule according to God's will, the last remainder of the lands which my august mother passed to when ruled by Queen Isabella, Queen of Spain, what was the source and fountain of the power and might of the English nation?

The preacher went on to explain the different reasons represented in the coronation of the King. He emphasized the fact that it deserved as much from the people as upon the cause for the peace and happiness of the nation. He said the King had a hard road to travel in following such a wise and sagacious ruler as his mother. He was, however, the unfeigned and true son of the whole realm and that realm is at peace with the rest of the world, which is a source of great gratification to him. It was a source of great grief to his mother that her people were at war with such a noble people as the Latins, but now that war is happily terminated.

The preacher went on to say that King Edward is not an untried ruler, as Prince of Wales, acting in his mother's stead, he endeared himself to all classes of society by his gracious manners and he has a good grasp of the situation of affairs. The Queen is beloved for her many estimable qualities. All these things will undoubtedly serve them both and give them encouragement to fulfill their regal duties. He will need the wise statesmen that his mother had, because storms will arise and it is generally the lofty forest trees which feel their full force. The prayers which rulers of other countries are offering to God for the King and Queen of England will prove an earnest for their own deliverance from evil. People must recognize this and their loyalty must be shown in deed and not merely in word. Individuals can, by only an outward show of loyalty to their flag, do much to injure the reputation of their King and country. Let us who are thankful that we have sprung from British blood do our best to exalt our nation. Let all, especially those who are sharing the hospitality of their brethren of the same race in this land, prove themselves worthy of their race. Let our prayers for those in authority be fervent and frequent. Then let our prayers for the King and Queen of England be acceptable in the sight of him who said, "By me kings reign."

Hymn—"O King of Kings"—Sir A. Sullivan.

Oh King of kings, whose reign of old Hath been from everlasting,

Before whose throne their crowns of gold

The white-robed saints are casting;

While all the shining courts on high

With Angel songs are ringing.

Oh let Thy children venture nigh,

Their lowly homage bringing.

For every heart, made glad by Thee,

With thankful praise is swelling;

And every tongue, with joy set free,

Its happy theme is telling.

Thou hast been mindful of Thine own

And lo! we come confessing—

Thou hast dower'd our country's

throne With many years of blessing.

Lead on, O Lord, Thy people still,

New grace and wisdom giving,

To larger love, and purer will,

And nobler heights of living.

And while of all Thy love below

They chant the glorious story,

Oh teach them first Thy Christ to know,

And magnify His glory. Amen.

—Bishop Walsham How.

Then came one of the most important features of the service, when every British mind was carried far away across seas and continents to the stately Westminster Abbey, where the crowns were laid upon the heads of Edward and Alexandra. As the Rev. John Usborne arose in the altar space and read to the congregation, which was in silence, the proclamation of the Archbishops of Canterbury that the sovereigns were the undoubted King and Queen of Great Britain, the occasion reached the heights of solemnity. The minister said to the people:

On this day His Britannic Majesty King Edward VII. in the "Form recommended for use in the church of the Church of England throughout His Majesty's Empire" is proclaimed as undoubted King. The Proclamation, Rite, Ceremonies and Ancient Customs of Coronation being set forth in the manner following:

God save our gracious King, Long live our Lord the King.

God save the King!

Send him victorious,

Happy and glorious,

Long to reign over us.

God save the King!

O Lord our God arise,

Scatter his enemies,

Make wars to cease,

Keep us from plague and dearth,

Turn thou our woes to mirth,

And over all the earth

Let there be peace.

Thy choicest gifts in store

On him be pleased to pour:

Long may he reign!

May he defend our laws,

And ever give us cause,

To sing with heart and voice,

God save the King!

Then followed the special prayer, as follows:

A Thanksgiving for the restoration of peace in South Africa.

O Almighty God, the Sovereign Commander of all the world, in whose hand is power and might, which none is able to withstand; we bless and magnify thy great and glorious Name for the happy consummation of peace in South Africa.

We beseech thee grant thy people grace to improve this great blessing to thy honor and glory, the advancement of thy Gospel, and the good of all mankind. And grant thy people such a sense of this great mercy, may fill them with a true thankful

spirit in their lives by an humble, holy,

obedient walking before thee all days:

Through Jesus Christ our Lord,

to whom with thee and the Holy

Spirit, for all thy mercies, so in pa-

re for this happy consummation be all glory and honour world

end. Amen.

A Prayer for the President

United States, and all in C'

Almighty God, whose ki-

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of this Territory, and a

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seek thy honour and

all the people, du-

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and for

Archbishop L. Kings L. B. Handel, the Priests and Nuns, the Deacons and Religious, and all the people of the Kingdom, who are with the King, their mouth

ALL JUDGES KAMEHAMEHA SCHOOL SENDS CELEBRATING WILL SIT OUT TEN YOUNG GRADUATES CORONATION

Gear Asks Aid in the Habeas Corpus Case.

(From Wednesday's daily.)

Another attempt to secure the release of Domingos Ferreira, now serving a five years' sentence in Oahu prison, was made before Judge Gear yesterday. The departure of Gear and Davis for Hilo made the hearing yesterday an impossibility, and the matter was put over until July 15th. Ferreira in the meantime having his liberty under bond of \$4000.

In the petition, filed yesterday, Ferreira claims that he is held under the old mittimus, and that his arrest was without legal authority, being made without a new conviction, since Gear's last order of release. The question raised now will not be heard by Gear alone, according to the announcement he made from the bench yesterday. He stated that all three judges would hear the matter, as he had requested Judge Robinson and Judge Humphreys to sit with him.

There was a long sparing match in court over the question of a return. The order had only been received by the Attorney General a half-hour before the hour for its return, and consequently the necessary papers had not been drawn up. The petition is addressed to both High Sheriff Brown and Jailer Henry, and both men appeared in court with the prisoner. Deputy Attorney General Cathcart appeared for the Territory, and asked for a continuance until such time as he could prepare the return. Davis was willing enough to grant this, but Gear was not, stating that though the Supreme Court had established the precedent, he did not think it legal to release a man on habeas corpus, upon giving bail, until the return had been made. Cathcart replied that he had not had sufficient time to prepare the return, and as the court intended to leave for Hilo at noon, the matter would go over anyway until his return, as Gear stated, that he would hear the case, and would not let it go before another judge. Cathcart then said that the return was under preparation by Mr. Douthitt, and would be filed during the day. He consented to the release of the prisoner on giving \$4000 bail. Davis joining in the request for the continuance, as he also desired to leave for Hilo at noon. The continuance was finally granted and Ferreira ordered released upon the filing of the return and a bond of \$4000 during the day. Ferreira claims his arrest is in violation of Section 424 of the Civil Code, which declares against re-arresting a prisoner who has been released under habeas corpus, unless he is indicted again or unless "after a discharge for default of proof, or for some material default in the complaint in a criminal case, he shall be again arrested on sufficient proof, and committed by legal proof, for the same offense."

The application is based also upon the ground that the order of Judge Gear was violated in re-arresting Ferreira after his former release. It is set out that there has been no new trial or conviction and the petitioner is consequently held without legal right or due process of law.

The return of the high sheriff and Jailer Henry was made yesterday, showing that Ferreira is now held by virtue of a certified copy of the judgment held by them. After reciting the facts in regard to the former conviction and release on habeas corpus, the return says:

"That thereafter, on said 18th day of June, 1902, the said Domingos Ferreira was rearrested by the high sheriff of said Territory, under and by virtue of the judgment, sentence and decree of this court, certified copies of which are hereto attached and made part hereof, that at the time of said rearrest as aforesaid, duly certified copies of the judgment, sentence and decree of this court had been furnished and supplied by the proper officer of this court to said Arthur M. Brown, high sheriff, and to said William Henry, keeper of Oahu prison, aforesaid, and that said Arthur M. Brown and said William Henry hold and detain said Domingos Ferreira under and by virtue of the same and under and by virtue of the judgment, sentence and decree of this court."

Ferreira's bail bond was signed by his brother and by Fred Harrison.

BANQUET OF THE BAR ASSOCIATION

There will be a flow of wit and an interchange of pleasantries at the Moana Hotel next Saturday evening when the Honolulu Bar Association sits down to its annual banquet. The invitations for the affair were issued yesterday by A. G. M. Robertson, chairman of the committee on arrangements, and the list to whom they were mailed included Governor Dole, Judge M. M. Estee of the United States Circuit Court, United States District Attorney Breckons, Assistant United States Attorney Dunne, Chief Justice Farn, Justices Perry and Galbraith, Judge Humphreys, Judge Gear, Judge Robinson, and all the members of the Association. The chairman of a sub-committee will arrange the list of speakers and the toasts and there will be addresses by Chief Justice Frear and Judge Estee. Hon. W. O. Smith, president of the Bar Association, will preside as toastmaster. The address of Chief Justice Frear is to be followed by a general discussion of the same.

CHOLERA MORBUS A DANGEROUS DISEASE

In many instances attacks of cholera morbus terminate fatally before medicine can be procured or a physician summoned. The safe way is to keep at hand a reliable medicine for use in such cases. For this purpose there is nothing so sure as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. W. E. Bosworth, of LaFayette, Ala., U. S. A., says: "In June, 1900, I had a serious attack of cholera morbus and one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy gave me relief in fifteen minutes." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co. Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Interesting Ceremonies in Chapel Mark End of Many Events Will Fill Up the Day.

School Year--Damon Oratorical Prize Won at Oahu.

To lead useful lives. The object of the will through which Bernice Pauahi Bishop aimed to assist the people of her native land in their uplift under the new conditions of which she saw the approaching shadow, was either the theme or the motif of every address which was delivered, at the commencement of the Kamehameha Boys' School, observed at the chapel of the institution last evening. Before an audience which filled the room to its limit ten young men received the diplomas of scholarship and departed laden with leis from loving hands.

Upon the platform Governor Dole, Trustees J. O. Carter and W. F. Allen, the officials of the school and the teachers, one flank being composed of the ten graduates; in the pews of the chapel the students of the girls and the boys school, and lads of the preparatory, and in the rear many scores of friends and well-wishers of the schools, a picture made up of color and life, for there was on every side evidence of the greatest interest in the proceedings, was furnished by the gathering. There was throughout the exercises, during the several addresses by students and three by officers and officials, a hearty appreciation evidenced by the rounds of applause which greeted the speakers and singers.

The organ prelude by Professor Ingalls led the way for the invocation by the Rev. W. M. Kincaid, after which the glee club sang with feeling the selection, "Legends," by Mohring. These served to introduce the main event of the evening, and David C. Kamaonua spoke first, giving the salutary and class history. The life of the class, taking in the entrance of the members upon their education six years before and the many vicissitudes and pleasures through which they had passed, was rapidly sketched and the brightest prophecy indulged for the future.

Thomas K. Naviahi, under the caption "Some Life Histories," took up the growth of a bean and traced its development, drawing therefrom the great lessons of natural history and showing intelligent appreciation of the scientific side of agriculture. George K. Nahinu spoke of students as missionaries, showing the work done by the Students' Christian Association and the effect of the work in the matter of the teaching of Sunday schools and assisting in the religious life of the surrounding community. The Mandolin Club rendered acceptable selections from the "Bohemian Girl."

Ernest K. Puni then discussed with great insight the effect of the knowledge of a trade upon the young men leaving college. He showed the line of information and practice which each student must have at his finger ends, to enable him to expect to take a place in some skilled trade. He said that there was better remuneration in such employment than in clerkships and also that many men who tried clerking after leaving school had later taken up the following of some profitable trade, the foundation for which was laid at school.

Perhaps the most remarkable paper, as indicating the trend of thought cultivated by the institution was that of Daniel S. K. Pahu, who writing on the subject of "Country Life for Hawaiians," touched upon the future of the people and the hope that lies behind the turning to the soil of the Hawaiian people. He said in part,

"City life is artificial at best, and we Hawaiians have lived natural lives for so many generations that our very existence is threatened by the competition, the disease, the temptation, and the extravagance of the town.

"Civilization in its truest sense has never appealed to us, with all the fervor of which we are capable, to become true men and women, but it must be along lines of naturalness. It is in a return to the country that my beloved people will find a renewal of the prosperity which they have looked for in vain in the city."

"The American farmer is noted for his progressiveness. He has successfully engineered the largest farm enterprises, and today the large agricultural holdings of the States are fast being subdivided into smaller tracts, adding to the general prosperity of the farmers, in whose happy contented homes lies the strength of the nation."

"The present land system of Hawaii encourages the settlement of individuals on small farms and foreigners have been quick to take advantage of their opportunities. A homestead lease covering from eight to forty acres and running for 99 years, may be taken without purchase price or rent, by any citizen in good standing, or any person over 18 years of age, who has received letters of denization, and who will live upon the land and cultivate it for a period of six years. Here, then, is an opportunity to obtain a piece of land, without any cost other than faithful labor and a good character."

"Now, what can be done with a farm after we get it? Our experience on the Kamehameha farm may be instructive. In the vegetable line string beans have been our specialty; 1-22 of an acre is a usual planting during the past months since January, such an area has produced over 250 pounds of choice string beans within 55 days from planting.

At this rate we would produce 500 pounds in the same time, worth \$100. It is not difficult to take three crops of beans per annum, in which case \$200 would be the result of a year's work on one acre. Not a bad undertaking for one to begin with. Of course seeds, fertilizers and other incidentals must be deducted from this gross amount, but even then a handsome profit remains--probably a great deal more than anyone would pay us in salary.

Our best dairy cows are producing a net profit of \$20 to \$30 a cow per month. Five such cows are not too many for one man to handle. The piggery and the poultry yard show like possibilities. Of course, we cannot bask in the sun and leave all to nature, but nature will do her share for those who help themselves.

Uluani Lemon, who has made a name in athletics, took that subject for discussion and went over the whole line of achievement, displaying the trophies won by the school. The Glee Club sang "Robin Adair" and Herbert's "Serenade," after which the valedictory was rendered by James A. Hattie. In this address the entire round of school life was touched and the compliments of the graduates paid to the various trustees and teachers. Mr. Hattie graduates with honors and it is expected will enter Oahu College with a Bishop scholarship.

Governor Dole addressed the class, speaking of the new conditions which exist and calling their attention to the necessity for facing these new facts. The changes, he said, were inevitable and it was for the young men to look forward and not backward. While there were many things which in the passing were to be regretted, there were as many which he was glad were in the past only. He said he was delighted that the former habit of hanging on to the household of a chief was abolished and also that the expectation that certain young men would be given government places immediately upon graduation was no more. Now it was merit which gave preference. This, he said, was the hope of the Hawaiian people. Now the Hawaiian depended upon one but won by his native talent. Governor Dole said he had no fear of the success of the Hawaiian in the race with the white man so long as there was no fear in the Hawaiian. He appealed to the young men to not compete with the white men but to combine with them for the advancement of the Territory.

As chairman of the board of trustees J. O. Carter addressed the pupils, expressing pleasure that the work progressed so well. He said that the will of the patrons of the institution read that their education should tend to make them useful men and women. He said the entrance into the life of the world made it necessary that there should be choice between two ways, the good and the evil. He advised the young men to follow the right, though they might find themselves alone.

Principal Dyke said that he would characterize the class as reliable and that was the greatest praise. On behalf of the trustees he then presented diplomas to Thomas Komelani Nahinu, Ernest Kaleinai Puni, George Kaimalau Apela, Henry K. K. Alkue, Kaimalau Komomus, David Cranswick Kamaonua, James Alexander Cranswick Hattie, Daniel S. K. Pahu, Franklin Uluani Lemon and George Kahulu Nahinu.

The exercises closed with "Hawaii Pono" and an organ postlude.

DAMON CONTEST IN ORATORY

Mary Elizabeth Paty was awarded the first prize in the Damon Oratorical Contest, which was held in Paauhi Hall of Oahu College last evening, and second honors went to William Haehae Heen. Miss Paty gave as her selection "The Famine," from Hiawatha, and Mr. Heen recited from "The Wandering Jew." The awards were made after careful deliberation by the judges, who were Rev. Geo. L. Pearson, Mrs. E. W. Jordan and Prof. M. M. Scott. There were some heartburnings over the awards, as naturally there would be, as all those who participated in the contest showed remarkable skill in the handling of their selections.

Paauhi Hall was taxed to its capacity to seat the students and the friends of the contestants and the institution, and despite the length of the program, those who listened to the young speakers were enthusiastic from beginning to end, and generous with their applause. Around the platform palms were arranged in a semi-circle, and upon it were several others, which formed a pretty contrast for the white-gowns of the young lady contestants who occupied seats there. Dr. A. M. Smith, principal of the college, announced that the speakers would follow in rotation as their names appeared upon the program, and no announcements were to be made after the first one.

After listening to a well-executed piano solo by Miss Amy Hill, the audience had the pleasure of hearing Miss Madge McCandless, the first of the contestants, who gave "Bobby Shafto." It was thought by many that Miss McCandless would carry off the first prize, as she has been regarded as one of the best speakers in the college. Her gestures were easy and graceful, fully in accord with the subject matter, and the emotional parts were delicately shaded. Margaret Lewers Peterson gave as her selection "Capt. Percy's Adequate," from "To Have and to Hold," and she impressed the audience with her direct, frank and clear expression, which was free from the usual orationary foibles.

William Haehae Heen, regarded as one of the foremost orators that Oahu College has yet produced, gave a splendid interpretation of "The Wandering

Jew." His reputation as a speaker gave rise to the belief that he also would make a bid for the first prize, and certainly the manner of his delivery of the fine selection merited the judges' decision that he should at least receive the second award.

Miss Paty, the prize winner, evidently made an impression on the judges by her clear enunciation and forcible manner, which, taken with the tense, emotional expression in the description of the famine and the death of Minnehaha, gave her first rank with them. She was also a favorite with the students in the audience, for the applause accorded her was long and vigorous.

The judges complimented all the speakers very highly for their oratorical accomplishments, and the audience joined in expressing the same sentiment later. There was little stage fright apparent with any of them, and it seemed to be the general opinion that all the contestants did better last evening than they have ever done at rehearsals or merely before the students.

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reasons to good hunting, and ours

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVED

Tuesday, June 24.
Stmr. Makau, from Honolulu.
Kona ports.
Stmr. Lehua, Napa, from N. Japan.
Stmr. J. A. Cummings, Roaria, at 5 p.m., from Manila ports.
Stmr. R. A. Atkinson, from Japan.
Stmr. Mikahala, from Makassar.
Nor. No. 1000, from New Zealand.
Stmr. L. J. Woodbury, from Hilo.
Stmr. Phillips, from Tacoma.
Stmr. Hugh D. D.

June 25.

Stmr. James Makau, from Hawaii.
Ep. Hawaiian Islet, Mallett, from Newcastle.

DEPARTED

Tuesday, June 24.
Stmr. Noau, Pederson, for Lahaina,
Kanapali, Kukuhale and Honokaa,
at 5 p.m.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and
way port, at noon.

Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui
ports, at 5 p.m.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, for Kal-
alua ports, at 5 p.m.

Stmr. Maui, Bennett, for Mahukona,
Papaoia and Lanaihoeoe, at 5 p.m.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, for Waimea,
Kekaha and Anahola.

Wednesday, June 25.
Stmr. Lehua, for Olowalu and way
ports.

Stmr. Mikahala, for Koloa, at 5 p.m.
Ep. Alsterschwan, Erdman, for Seat-
tle, at 7 a.m.

ARRIVING

June 27.
S. S. Doric, Smith, from the Orient.
S. S. Gaelic, Finch, from the main-
land, probably late in afternoon.

S. S. Alameda, Herriman, from the
coast, in afternoon early.

Stmr. Niihau, from Punaluu.

PASSENGERS

Arrived.
Per stmr. Lehua, June 14—Chas. Ke-
mikahuna, Rev. J. M. Naeole, Master
Jos. Faleti and seven deck.

Per stmr. Mauna Loa, July 24, from
Kau—Miss M. Payne, D. Waiata, Geo-
Wilcox. From the volcano—F. J. An-
weg, H. Pierce, W. Kett, O. Sellars, P.
R. Helm, From Kona—Miss I. Yowell,
Mrs. Yamashiro, Mrs. L. H. Kau-
nau, T. Andrews, T. K. Farm, Miss M.
Fernandez, Miss C. Fernandes, S. Lazarro,
F. L. Dierck, H. A. Juven, W. Wilgarth,
J. Cowan, L. McFarlane, H. Brundt, D.
Kaupuku, Mrs. Kaupuku, Mrs. P. John-
ny, From Maalaea—Rev. W. Ault, A.
W. Dow, D. H. Case, Miss B. Baldwin,
Miss Lucy Baldwin, From Wahana-
Rev. A. H. Weymouth, Mrs. Vetlesen,
Chin Chow, C. Kaiser, Mrs. J. Kaal-
C. B. Olesen, Alex. Dowsett, A. N.
Campion, W. Kalaukini, Mrs. Kalau-
kini, B. Baronzini, 41 cabin and 64
deck.

Per stmr. Mikihala, June 25—E. K.
Bull, J. H. Arendt, E. Tappan Tannatt,
Mr. Mayal, M. Rosenbladt, W. G. Hy-
man, Paul Isenberg, Miss Danford,
Miss D. Kruse, Miss Wahala, Miss P.
Charman, Miss F. K. Kani, Mrs. Char-
man and 12 Japanese, 4 Chinese, 5 oth-
ers; 15 cabin and 24 deck.

Departed.

Per stmr. Maui, June 24—Miss May,
C. Akina, A. Akina, Miss E. Wright,
Master Joe Kimoko, E. Goldberg.

Per stmr. Kauai, at 5 p.m.—A. Rob-
inson and family, Agnes Kalawea,
Rose Aka, Ida Isakoma, Kap. Kauai,
Mrs. C. A. Elston, Miss Elston, C. A.
Elston, T. S. Elston, Mr. A. M. Elston,
Mrs. E. Rogers and child, J. T. Flem-
ming and 130 Japanese.

Per stmr. Mikihala, June 25—E. K.
Bull, J. H. Arendt, E. Tappan Tannatt,
Mr. Mayal, M. Rosenbladt, W. G. Hy-
man, Paul Isenberg, Miss Danford,
Miss D. Kruse, Miss Wahala, Miss P.
Charman, Miss F. K. Kani, Mrs. Char-
man and 12 Japanese, 4 Chinese, 5 oth-
ers; 15 cabin and 24 deck.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes the bread
more healthful.

Safeguards the food
against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest
menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FAREWELLS AND FLOWERS

(From Wednesday's daily.)

A veritable garden bank of carnations, lilies, plumerias and maile decorated the starboard side of the clausine as she weighed anchor at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon on her run to inter-island ports. A large delegation of the Kamehameha school boys and girls comprised most of the passenger list. The waving of handkerchiefs, the moving to and fro of the beautiful leis, the grey uniforms of the cadets intermingling, the farewell shouts, the commands of the officers, the omnipresent tooting of the warning whistle, formed a scene of adieu and steamship departing which equals any sailing day's excitement, even of that of a large ocean greyhound. Happy faces showed above the rails, and the fact that school was over and the holidays commenced was fully interpreted.

Dressed in immaculate white, the leis hanging against this pure background, saying an au revoir to their schools, the scholars sailed away to their homes.

The Claudine was crowded before sailing time with many friends of the youths who fully entered into the spirit of the departure, filling the hearts of one and all with the best of sentiments and most hearty well wishes. It was almost impossible for a stranger to make his way through the crowds on deck, the Kamehameha's grey uniforms, and principally the shoulder traps, holding full sway. The general sentiment seemed to be that though vacation had begun a return soon to Honolulu would be as welcome as the day's departure.

The Claudine carried a light cargo of general merchandise for way ports.

Volcanic Dust Ship.

The oddest ballast, probably, ever carried by any ship was that brought into port here a day or two ago by the British emigrant ship Lena, Captain William Syson Nibbs, says the New York World of June 8.

The ballast consisted of seven tons of volcanic dust from Mont Pelee and La Soufrière.

The Lena belongs to James Nourse of London and is used to transport coolies from Calcutta, India, to the sugar plantations of the West Indies.

On the afternoon of May 9, the Lena lay off Barbadoes, about to sail in ballast for New York. Six bells of the afternoon watch had just rung out on the still tropic air when a deafening explosion, as of a hundred powder magazines ignited at once, shook the whole vessel.

All hands rushed on deck, unbidden, and for a moment the memory of the ill-starred maline flashed through many minds. But this explosion was far louder than any chemical could cause, nor was it from the ship, but from the land.

Even as the crew turned to look at the shore, which lay a mile distant, dense darkness shut down upon them. The buildings, the people and indeed every vestige of the land were blotted out. The face of the sun was obscured, as nothing short of a total eclipse had ever before been known to darken it.

A little later rain began. But it was such a rain as has seldom fallen, being made up of volcanic residue, which drifted down steadily in the form of dust, until every man on deck was heavily coated with it.

All afternoon, all evening, all night the dust fell unceasingly.

Soon after dawn the weird downpour ceased, and by early sunlight the ship's decks were seen to be nearly half a foot deep in dust. There was an average depth of about five inches.

Captain Nibbs, realizing the nature of the dust, and at the same time needing ballast, hit on a scheme of double usefulness. He set his men to shoveling the volcanic dust into the hold. By the time the labor was complete seven tons of dust had been thus accumulated.

Sailing the same day, he carried the unique ballast to New York, knowing it would be in demand by relic hunters and anticipating a good market for it.

The Evening World has secured some of this volcanic dust and is sending samples of it as souvenirs to some of its readers as apply for the same by mail and send a stamped and self-addressed envelope.

Shipping Notes.

A man with a new kind of diving bell, nine feet long, will try to find the wreck of the Rio in San Francisco harbor.

Another ship, the Georgina, now unloading coal, will probably sail for Port Townsend tonight or tomorrow morning early. She will not take a sugar cargo but will make the voyage in ballast.

The examinations of Ensigns Kempf and Hepburn, before the Naval examining board composed of Admiral Merry, Commander Thomas and Captain Rodman was in session yesterday. The results will not be known for a day or two.

The Kauai second tug-of-war team pulled at the Kalhi detention camp a few nights ago and won handily after a tug of fifteen minutes against the Walkamile Camp team. Further tugs-of-war will be held on Saturday nights hereafter.

Per stmr. Lehua, June 25—Mrs. J. Lucas for Kauai; L. A. Bartlett for Molokai; Noel D. Mays for Lahaina; one deck for Molokai.

A NEW SERVICE TO THE ORIENT

The Victoria Collier says: Details of the plans of the Boston Steamship Company, which will take over the Bowdoin Lines, which for years have been running between Tacoma and Victoria to the Orient, are given in dispatches from Boston. The company will operate the new steamship Shawmut and Tremont, besides the Lyra, Hyades and Pleiades. Frank Waterhouse & Co. of Seattle are managing agents of the line, with headquarters in Seattle. The Shawmut, Tremont and Lyra will be run to Manila by way of Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki, Shanghai and Hong Kong, and return by the same course. The other two vessels, the Hyades and Pleiades, will run to Vladivostock, Chempui, Port Arthur, Tientsin, Kiao-chow, Shanghai, Koos, Yokohama.

For the present the line will be conducted for freight purposes only. It will be operated in conjunction with the Northern Pacific railroad, with Seattle as the terminal and Tacoma where the Waterhouse company will establish a branch office, as a port of call.

The deal also involves the taking over within a short time of all the Northern Pacific shipping business managed by the Dodwells.

Later it is probable that the Shawmut and Tremont will be operated in conjunction with the two mammoth steamships which James H. Hill is now building on the Atlantic for the Oriental trade. The Shawmut is 555 feet long, 88 feet beam, and has a depth of hold to the upper deck of 40 feet. She has three complete steel decks, nine cargo hatches, ten derrick posts and twelve double cylinder steam winches.

A Unique Voyage.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Captain Howard Blackburn, the fingerless navigator, who last year crossed the Atlantic from Gloucester to Lisbon, 2800 knots, in 38 days and 14 hours, arrived last night in his twenty-five foot sloop Great Republic in the Atlantic dock, Brooklyn.

He had had a perilous trip of sixteen days from Gloucester. The Grand Republic is the same sloop in which he crossed the Atlantic. He anchored off Hart's Island at 3 a.m. Monday, after passing forty hours without sleep.

He beat into Hell Gate and the tag Grace, which picked him up off Blackwell's Island, almost swamped him under the Brooklyn bridge. "I was in more danger than when I crossed the Atlantic," said he last night.

"I shall sail alone up the Hudson as far as the Erie canal, tow through to Buffalo, step my mast again, and, touching at the principal ports, sail through the lakes to Chicago, tow north river and sail down the Mississippi to New Orleans, from which port I shall sail to Cuba and Porto Rico, to Martinique, to Nicaragua, Colombia and the Brazils, prospecting along those coasts for gold."

In 1899 I sailed the Great Western from Gloucester to Gloucester in sixty-two days, and then sold the boat in London.

"There was a remarkable coincidence in that year. I sailed from Gloucester, Mass., on June 18, and Captain Andrews, who was lost last fall with his bride, sailed in his boat. I arrived at Gloucester on August 18, while he, who had been picked up sixteen days after sailing, was carried to Manchester, England, and arrived back in Boston on August 18."

Naval Examination.

An examination will probably be held before Admiral Merry, Commander Thomas and Lieutenant Rodman, to note the efficiency of Ensign Kempf, a son of Admiral Kempf, and Ensign A. J. Hetpert. The young ensigns are to be examined for a promotion to the rank of Lieutenants.

Divorce for abusing Army.

PARIS, June 14.—A Paris court has pronounced divorce in favor of Dr. Duval, Lieutenant of reserves, because his wife absolutely refused to obey him, though he claimed that as an army officer he had the right and even the duty to exact submission from underlings. The court took the same view, because in addition to gross disobedience, Mme. Duval had not only defied, but criticized and defamed the army in the person of her husband.

Even as the crew turned to look at the shore, which lay a mile distant, dense darkness shut down upon them. The buildings, the people and indeed every vestige of the land were blotted out. The face of the sun was obscured, as nothing short of a total eclipse had ever before been known to darken it.

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CEMETERY FOR THE HEBREWS

At a meeting yesterday afternoon in Franklin Hill, held by members of the First Hebrew Congregation of Honolulu, at which 25 members were present, the name of the cemetery to be called was voted and agreed to be called the Hebrew Cemetery Association. The association will consist of 100 acres, situated on the hillside between the Bowdoin and Tremont lines. Through the efforts of the officers, a plot will be secured for the cemetery to be called the Hebrew Cemetery. All the money raised by the members will be used for carrying out the objects of the new association. The credit for raising the funds is due to Fred Stein and M. S. Levy, as well as the other officers.

The site of the cemetery will be

located on the hillside between the Bowdoin and Tremont lines.

The members of the association

were yesterday elected for the new organization.

President, E. A. Campbell; Vice Pres-

ident, S. N. Campbell; Trustee,

Mortgagee,

Secretary, P. L. Weaver; Trustee,

Mortgagee,

Trustee, A. N. Campbell; Trustee,

Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mort-

gage consist of:

Lot 1. All those five lots of land at

Waimea, Lahaina, Maui, Territory of

Hawaii, described in L. C. A. No. 541

and 230, issued to Royal Patents No. 1655

and 230, were issued to Namaha, contain-

ing 16 acres, conveyed to said mort-

gagee by Kahanamoku, daughter and

wife of her at law of Namaha, by deed